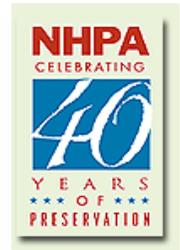


# Section 106 Regulations Flow Chart

## SECTION 106 Federal Project Review Compliance with Standards

<b>Initiate Section 106 Process</b> • Establish undertaking • Identify appropriate SHPO/THPO * • Plan to involve the public • Identify other consulting parties		▶	<b>No undertaking/no potential to cause effects</b>
▼			
<b>Undertaking is type that might affect historic properties</b>			
▼			
<b>Identify Historic Properties</b> Determine scope of efforts Identify historic properties Evaluate historic significance		▶	<b>No historic properties affected</b>
▼			
<b>Historic properties are affected</b>			
▼			
<b>Assess Adverse Effects</b> Apply criteria of adverse effect		▶	<b>No historic properties adversely affected</b>
▼			
<b>Historic properties are adversely affected</b>			
▼			
<b>Resolve Adverse Effects</b> Continue consultation		▶	<b>Memorandum of Agreement</b>
▼			
<b>FAILURE TO AGREE</b>		▶	<b>COUNCIL COMMENT</b>



### Key Elements

**Section 106** of the [National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 \(NHPA\)](#) requires Federal agencies to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties, and afford the [Advisory Council on Historic Preservation](#) a reasonable opportunity to comment. The historic preservation review process mandated by Section 106 is outlined in regulations issued by ACHP. Revised regulations, "[Protection of Historic Properties](#)" (36 CFR Part 800), became effective January 11, 2001

- Process
- The Roles of Participants
- Involving the Public
- Consultation
- Documentation

### Process Applies to

- All Federal Undertakings
- All State or Local Projects utilizing federal monies

### Secretary Standards for Rehabilitation

Consistency with the Standards used to measure effect

